





Ages: 6 to 7

Key Idea

General Fitness

Description

Gather players into a group. "In soccer, running makes our hearts beat faster, and kicking helps strengthen our leg muscles so we can kick the ball farther. Spread out into your own space. Everyone run in place and I will pass the ball to some of you. If you get the ball, pass it back to me and keep running!" Continue for about 30 seconds. "Playing soccer improves our physical conditioning or fitness. We get better at running and kicking the ball and can keep going longer before we get too tired. How can I keep from getting too tired when I'm running?" (Pacing themselves.) "How about kicking?" (Practicing at home.) "It's also important to take a rest when you need one and to drink water during practice and at home. We'll talk more about the different areas of fitness in our fitness circles throughout the season."

Key Idea

Flexibility

Description

Bring a rubber band and show it to children. "This rubber band is like our muscles. Can you tell me why?" Listen for children's responses (stretches when pulled, goes back to original shape, etc.). Demonstrate how the rubber band stretches. "Your muscles work the same way as this rubber band. When you reach and stretch, your muscles stretch just like the rubber band. When your body comes back, your muscles go back to their original shape. Everyone reach down to the ground with your arms slowly and then bring your arms back up." Have children repeat three times. "Your leg muscles need to stretch because we use them the most in soccer. It makes them more flexible. When muscles are flexible, it keeps them from getting hurt and makes the muscles feel good."







Ages: 6 to 7

Key Idea

Cardiorespiratory Fitness

Description

Children gather in a group. "Everyone hold one hand up and make a fist. Squeeze your fist tightly, then let go. Keep tightening and letting go." Children continue for 10 counts. "Your heart is a special muscle that tightens and relaxes just like your fist is doing. Your heart is about the size of your fist. Every time it tightens, or beats, it pumps blood all over your body. When you play soccer, your heart beats faster and you breathe faster. Run in place with high knees. Feel your lungs and feel your heart beating by placing your hands over your chest. Count how many times your heart beats." Time for 15 seconds. Ask players the number they counted. "Running helps you improve your cardiorespiratory fitness— the heart and lungs working together to get blood to your whole body."

Key Idea

Cardiorespiratory Fitness

Description

Gather children into a group. "Everyone put your hand up in front of you and make a fist. What did we pretend our fist was at the last practice?" Wait for response (the heart). "What does our heart do?" Wait for response (pumps blood). "Everybody open and close your fist. Put your hands over your chest and feel what's happening. Now, let's run to the goal and back. Will our fist beat faster or slower?" Listen to responses (faster). "Put your hands over your chest. Is it moving faster or slower? When you run during soccer, your heart beats faster, just like the fist opening and closing, and your lungs breathe faster. They slow down when you slow down. Making your heart beat faster helps to improve your cardiorespiratory fitness."





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Ages: 6 to 7

Key Idea

Cardiorespiratory Fitness

Description

Gather children into a group. "Everyone find your own space. Put your fist up in front of you. We pretend our fist is our...." Wait for response (heart). "The heart does what things?" Wait for responses (pumps blood and beats faster when we run or move faster). "When I say, 'go,' everyone run in your own space and make your fist open and close faster at the same time. When I say 'stop,' stop as fast as you can." Begin. "When you run, your heart beats faster. Every time your heart beats faster, it gets stronger because it's a muscle. Muscles get stronger when you use them. Soccer is a great way to keep your heart healthy and strong and improve your cardiorespiratory fitness."

Key Idea

Flexibility

Description

Gather children into a group. Show them a rubber band. "Let's pretend this rubber band is one of your muscles. See how it moves back and forth, stretching and moving. Let's move our bodies just like the rubber band. Reach and stretch up and down. It's important to stretch slowly without bouncing or jerking." Have them continue for one minute. "Our muscles help us to move and stretch. We need to stretch muscles to keep them flexible and able to move easily. When muscles can move easily, they don't get injured."







Ages: 6 to 7

Key Idea

Muscular Strength and Endurance

Description

Gather children into a group. "Okay, everyone, get down on the ground and do the crab walk." Continue for 30 seconds to one minute. "Are your arms and legs getting tired? You used many of your arm and leg muscles to do the crab walk. What part of the body do you use the most for soccer? That's right—your legs. The more you practice soccer, the stronger your leg muscles will get. Then your legs can keep going much longer before they get too tired. What things can we do to get our legs stronger for soccer?" Let them answer running and kicking. "Right. Now pretend you have a soccer ball in front of you. Pretend to kick the ball in your spot." Have children kick for five counts. "Practicing kicking helps make your legs stronger."

Key Idea

General Fitness

Description

Gather children into a circle. "What do our bodies need to do every day to keep going?" Wait for their responses. Discuss sleeping and resting, eating, and doing regular activities. "There's one more thing that's really important—being active and exercising. Let's pretend it's a day that you do not have soccer practice. Your body needs to move every day. With no soccer today, what should we do to move our bodies?" Wait for their responses. If a child suggests biking or swimming, have everyone act out that activity. Act out three activities. "It's important to be active when you don't have soccer practice. Your body needs to move every day."







Ages: 6 to 7

Key Idea

Healthy Habits

Description

Gather children into a circle. "Everyone is going to run in place. Let's start. Pretend that your body is going to run out of energy because you ate too many chips and drank a soda before practice. Start running slower and slower, and now stop! Now let's pretend that you ate a peanut butter sandwich and drank a glass of milk and a glass of water before practice. Let's run in place." Continue for 30 seconds. "See how you're able to run much longer and keep your energy? Eating healthy foods and drinking plenty of water are healthy habits for every day. You should drink water several times a day and drink even more when you're exercising. Also make sure to get enough sleep, exercise, brush your teeth, and say no to alcohol, tobacco, and other drugs. Keep your body healthy!"

Key Idea

General Fitness

Description

Gather children into a group near two cones about 10 feet apart. Tell them that each cone represents a different food group. "This cone is healthy foods, such as fruits, vegetables, meats, milk, and breads. This other cone is special treat foods, like chips, soda, candy, and sweet snacks. What foods can you eat to keep your body healthy, with enough energy for soccer?" As they respond, have them stand near the cone they chose. "It is important to eat more healthy foods; they give you more energy for soccer and help you grow. Special treat foods should be eaten in small amounts. Can you tell me other examples of healthy foods and special treat foods?"



Game





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Ages: 6 to 7

Topic(s)

Attacking the Goal

Activity

Players will learn that they have to attack a goal (cone) to score in soccer. Each team attacks a different goal.

Activity Description

1 v 1—Each player tries to hit a cone using only his or her feet, not hands. (No need for any other rules right now!)

When the question-and-answer section precedes the coach's cues, ask the questions before the players begin the game. Use the cues during the game.

Tips / Questions

"Go toward the cone."

Coach: Which way do you go when you get the ball?

Players: Toward the cone.

Variations

Have enough balls and cones so all players get plenty of touches and chances to score. If the number of balls and cones available is limited, have players pair off and pass the ball to each other before hitting a cone.



Game



Time: 10 minutes



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Ages: 6 to 7

Topic(s)

Attacking the Goal

Team Play

Activity

Players will learn that they can play with other players on the same team and try to score between the posts (cones or goal).

Activity Description

2 v 2—Each pair tries to score by hitting a cone or by kicking into a small goal.

Tips / Questions

"Score in the goal."

Coach: Who is on your team? **Players:** (Name of teammate)

Coach: Which goal are you trying to score in?

Players: That one. (Have them point.)

Coach: Where do you kick the ball to score?

Players: In the goal. (If they say —in there, have them show you.)



Game



Time: 20 minutes



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Ages: 6 to 7

Topic(s)

Field Boundaries

Start/Restart

Attacking the Goal

Activity

Players play a 4 v 4 game of soccer in a predetermined area while adhering to simple start and restart rules.

Activity Description

4 v 4—Each team of four tries to score into a small goal. For each pair of teams, mark a playing area no larger than 50 by 30 feet.

Tips / Questions

- "Have both feet behind the line."
- "Hold the ball back overhead with two hands."
- "Throw to your teammate, keeping both feet on the ground."

Coach: How do we start the game?

Players: With a kickoff at the center. The other team must go back into its own half.

Coach: What happens when the ball goes out-of-bounds at the side?

Players: It is a throw-in.*

Coach: What happens when the ball goes out-of-bounds at the end?

Players: It is a goal kick or a corner kick.**

Coach: What happens after a goal is scored?

Players: A kickoff at the center. The team that scored must go back into its own half.

Variations

*It might be worth stopping the game for five minutes so all players can practice taking throw-ins (see page 136). You can do this quickly by having pairs of players do throw- ins to each other (one ball per pair).

**You can set up and practice goal kicks and corner kicks during the game.



Game



Time: 10 minutes



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Ages: 6 to 7

Topic(s)

Passing

Moving to Support

Spacing

Activity

To play the 4 v 4 game as a team, focusing on positional and support play.

Activity Description

4 v 4—Players learn to spread out down the field so they can receive a pass.

Review the rules, including starts and restarts, fouls, no use of hands, throw-ins, corner kicks (direct only), and goal kicks.

Tips / Questions

• "Be in a space where someone can pass to you."

Coach: What is the fastest way to get the ball down the field (pass or dribble)?

Players: Pass.

Coach: For Katie to pass down the field, where does Matthew need to go, so she can pass

to him?

Players: Down the field.



Skill Drill



Time: 10 minutes



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Ages: 6 to 7

Topic(s)

Passing

Moving to Support

Activity

- 1. Introduce, demonstrate, and explain how to move forward to support teammates.
- 2. Practice moving forward to support teammates.

Activity Description

Pairs—Each pair passes the ball and moves up and down the field. Remember that when you ask young children questions you may not get the answers you are hoping for. Young children are unpredictable. You may need to probe by asking —What else? or to get to an answer by offering them a forced choice (Do you think it is this or that?).

.....

Tips

"Move downfield (toward the goal) to support your teammate."



Skill Drill



Time: 10 minutes



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Ages: 6 to 7

Topic(s)

Passing

Spacing

Activity

- 1. Introduce, demonstrate, and explain how to spread out as a team to move the ball downfield.
- 2. Practice spreading out as a team to move the ball downfield.

Activity Description

Groups of four—Each group passes the ball and moves up and down the field. The object is to get the ball down the field as quickly as possible. Each player must receive at least one pass.

Tips

"Spread out forward and sideways."

Variations

Provide some light opposition for the better teams, so they must get the ball past you before getting to the other end of the field.



Game



Time: 10 minutes



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Ages: 6 to 7

Topic(s)

Passing

Spacing

Activity

Players will learn to spread out the length and width of the field.

Activity Description

4 v 4—Each team leaves one player forward. This will ensure some depth to the attack.

Freeze the game occasionally to show them where to move to be in the best position to receive a pass.

Tips

- "Leave one player forward."
- "Spread out over the field."
- "Look for teammates to pass to."



Game



Time: 10 minutes



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Ages: 6 to 7

Topic(s)

Passing

Activity

To keep possession of the ball, focusing on passing in the game.

Activity Description

2 v 2 to cones or small goals

- Place the cones or goals about 20 yards apart.
- Play as a team.

The first touch, when the player first receives the ball, is extremely important when passing and receiving a ball under pressure.

Encourage players to use the inside or the outside of the foot with their first touch to set the ball rolling in the direction they want to pass next.

Questions

Coach: How can you best play as a team?

Players: Pass the ball to each other.

Variations

To use as a Game 2: Teams are 4 v 1, 4 v 2, or 4 v 3. Choose based on the skill proficiency of your players.



Skill Drill





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Ages: 6 to 7

Topic(s)

Passing

Activity

- 1. Introduce, demonstrate, and explain how to pass a moving ball under pressure.
- 2. Practice passing a moving ball under pressure.

Activity Description

Groups of four—Form groups of four by telling the pairs of players from game 1 to join to make groups of four.

Practice team passing using one or more of these three variations, depending on the abilities of your players:

- 1. Pass the ball in a square, stopping the ball before passing.
- 2. Keep passing the moving ball in a continuous relay (pass and follow the ball).
- 3. Mark square areas with cones. Have three players in each square try to keep the ball away from one defender. Switch who plays the defender every six passes or three minutes.

Tips

- "Receive the pass and push it toward your target."
- "Get close to the ball."
- "Face the receiver."
- "Point the toe outward." (Use the inside of the foot to pass.)
- "Defender, try to get the ball." (Use in the third variation of skill practice 1 only.)

Variations

This drill has three levels of difficulty. You may choose to do all three in sequence, begin with level 2, go straight to level 3, or skip level 2. This will, of course, depend on the abilities of your players.



Skill Drill



Time: 10 minutes



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Ages: 6 to 7

Topic(s)

Passing

Activity

- 1. Introduce, demonstrate, and explain how to use passing and support to move the ball forward.
- 2. Practice combining passing and support to move the ball forward.

Activity Description

3 v 1—Each team of three gets the ball from one end of the field to the other without running with the ball (by passing). One player is a defender.

Tips

- "Move to a good place to support."
- "Pass and move."
- "Defender, try to get the ball."



Game





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Ages: 6 to 7

Topic(s)

Passing

Activity

To keep possession of the ball in the game, focusing on receiving in the game. The objective is to be able to receive the ball under pressure during the game.

Activity Description

4 v 4—Each team tries to pass frequently.

Tips / Questions

• "Pass and move."

Coach: When the ball comes to you, what should you do?

Players: Stop it.

Coach: Then what?

Players: Dribble or get ready to pass or shoot.

Coach: If you want to pass to the right, where should your first touch move the ball?

Players: To the right.

Coach: What about if you want to pass or dribble to the left?

Players: The first touch should go left.

Variations

To use as a Game 2: Teams are 4 v 1, 4 v 2, or 4 v 3. Choose based on the skill proficiency of your players.



Skill Drill



Time: 10 minutes



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Ages: 6 to 7

Topic(s)

Receiving

Activity

- 1. Introduce, demonstrate, and explain how to receive the ball quickly and efficiently.
- 2. Practice receiving the ball quickly and efficiently.

Activity Description

Pairs—Partners stay 5 to 10 yards apart and pass the ball back and forth.

Tips

- "Get behind the ball."
- "Use the inside (or outside) of the foot."
- "Push the ball in the direction you want it to go."



Skill Drill





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Ages: 6 to 7

Topic(s)

Receiving

Activity

- 1. Introduce, demonstrate, and explain how to receive a moving ball and direct it toward the goal.
- 2. Practice receiving a moving ball and directing it toward the goal.

Activity Description

Pairs—One partner (or you) feeds the ball to the other player, who controls the moving ball, dribbles, and shoots into the goal.

Tips

- "Use the inside (or outside) of the foot."
- "Push the ball toward the goal."
- "Dribble and shoot."

Variations

You can make this skill practice more difficult for better players by providing some mild pressure as players receive the ball. Then the player must beat you before shooting at the goal.



Game



Time: 10 minutes



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Ages: 6 to 7

Topic(s)

Supporting Ahead of the Ball

Diamond Formation

Moving the Ball Forward as a Team

Activity

Players learn to spread out ahead of the ball and to move the ball forward as a team.

Activity Description

As a team, players keep the ball and attack the goal by passing and receiving and by supporting ahead of the ball during the game.

Tips / Questions

"Have a forward."

Coach: If you don't have the ball, where can you go to help your team move toward the goal with the ball?

Players: Move forward.

Coach: Is it a good idea to leave a player forward?

Players: Yes.

Variations

To use as a Game 2: Teams are 4 v 1, 4 v 2, or 4 v 3. Choose based on the skill proficiency

of your players.



Skill Drill



Time: 10 minutes



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Ages: 6 to 7

Topic(s)

Supporting Ahead of the Ball Diamond Formation

Activity

- 1. Introduce, demonstrate, and explain how to support ahead of the ball.
- 2. Practice supporting ahead of the ball.

Activity Description

Teams of four, unopposed—Each team passes and moves to the end of the field. The team must make four passes before shooting.

You might see two players go to the same place to receive a pass. Emphasize forming a diamond shape as a way of best using the available space to bring the ball forward.

Freeze the practices occasionally to demonstrate.

Tips

"Pass and move ahead."



Skill Drill



Time: 10 minutes



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Ages: 6 to 7

Topic(s)

Supporting Ahead of the Ball

Diamond Formation

Moving the Ball Under Pressure

Activity

- 1. Introduce, demonstrate, and explain how to move the ball forward under pressure.
- 2. Practice moving the ball forward under pressure.

Activity Description

Teams of four—Each team passes and moves to the end of the field as you oppose them. The team must make four passes before shooting.

You might see two players go to the same place to receive a pass. Emphasize forming a diamond shape as a way of best using the available space to bring the ball forward.

Freeze the practices occasionally to demonstrate.

Tips

- "Pass and move ahead."
- "Move to where you can receive a pass (away from the defender)."



Game



Time: 10 minutes



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Ages: 6 to 7

Topic(s)

Passing

Receiving

Dribbling

Push and Run

Activity

Players will learn to attack the goal with the ball.

Activity Description

4 v 4—The objective is for players to be able to pass, receive, and use the push and run to move the ball forward under pressure during the game.

To push and run, the player with the ball kicks it past the defender—pushes—and runs after it. The defender will have to turn around, which slows him or her down.

Focus on getting players to make a good decision about whether to pass or dribble. Encourage them to pass if a teammate is open but to dribble if they get into a one-on-one situation.

Novices have difficulty making these decisions, so be patient in your explanations and be prepared for poor decision making by some players.

Tips / Que<u>stions</u>

- "Run past an opponent with the ball if you can."
- "Pass if you need to."
- "Look for space behind the defender."
- "Push and run."

Coach: What are some ways to get past a defender with the ball?

Players: Dribble. Kick it past and run after it.

Variations

Encourage better players to use alternative ways, other than push and run, to beat the defender. These could include faking a shot or passing the ball to one side of the defender and running around the other side.



Skill Drill



Time: 10 minutes



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Ages: 6 to 7

Topic(s)

Passing

Receiving

Dribbling

Push and Run

Activity

- 1. Introduce, demonstrate, and explain how to attack a goal under pressure.
- 2. Practice working together as a team to attack a goal under pressure.

Activity Description

Players will learn to attack a goal under pressure.

1 v 1—Place cones about 15 yards apart. Each player attacks the other player's cone. Player 1 starts by passing the ball to player 2, who then becomes the attacker. Player 1 becomes the defender.

Tips

- "Receive and push the ball into space."
- "Stay spread out." (This isolates the defender, leaving space behind him or her for the push and run.)
- "Push and run past the defender."

Variations

2 v 2 in 30 yards by 20 yards—Have the 1 v 1 pairs from skill practice 1 combine with another pair to make 2 v 2 groups.



Game



Time: 10 minutes



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Ages: 6 to 7

Topic(s)

Shooting

Activity

To attack the goal in the game, focusing on shooting with good technique under pressure.

Players learn the importance of having a shooting attitude.

Activity Description

4 v 4—layers shoot under pressure using appropriate technique.

Tips / Questions

• "If you don't shoot, you won't score."

Coach: What do you have to do if you want to score?

Players: Shoot.

Coach: Where should you shoot?

Players: At the goal. The whole goal is the target.

Variations

To use as a Game 2: Teams are 4 v 1, 4 v 2, or 4 v 3. Choose based on the skill proficiency of your players.



Skill Drill



Time: 10 minutes



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Ages: 6 to 7

Topic(s)

Shooting

Activity

- 1. Introduce, demonstrate, and explain how to shoot correctly.
- 2. Practice shooting with correct technique.

Activity Description

Groups of four—Each player shoots in turn and retrieves his or her ball or you can designate someone to retrieve the balls from behind the goal.

Tips

- "Take a long step to the ball." (The step looks like a jump. This helps get the shooting leg back.)
- "Get close to the ball." (Keep the non-striking foot alongside.)
- "Use the laces of the shoe." (This provides power.)
- "Keep the toe down." (This keeps the ball down.)

Variations

A player (or you) rolls the ball forward before each player shoots.



Skill Drill



Time: 10 minutes



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Ages: 6 to 7

Topic(s)

Receiving

Shooting

Activity

- 1. Introduce, demonstrate, and explain how to receive a pass under control and shoot.
- 2. Practice the skill.

Activity Description

Players will learn to receive a pass under control and shoot.

Groups of four—Same as skill practice 1, but a player (or you) passes the ball before each player shoots.

Pass the ball so the receiver must change the ball's direction before shooting.

Tips

- "Good first touch." (You might have to explain again that they need to set up the shot with the first touch.)
- "Control and shoot at the goal."

Variations

Higher-ability players can adapt this drill by doing their own passing and then, having passed, becoming the defender who chases after the shooter. The shooter must shoot before the defender gets to him or her.



Game





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Time: 10 minutes

Topic(s)

Activity

To defend the defender's space in the game, focusing on marking and pressure.

Activity

Description

Coach: How can you stop the other team from getting the ball? (You may need to set this up by saying: How can Katie make it harder for Matthew to get a pass from Michael?)

Players: Stay close to them; mark them. Marking means guarding your opponent.

Variations



Skill Drill



Time: 10 minutes



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Ages: 6 to 7

Topic(s)

Marking

Activity

- 1. Introduce, demonstrate, and explain how to defend behind an opponent.
- 2. Practice defending behind an opponent.

Activity Description

1 v 1 with two feeders—One player is the attacker and one is the defender. The feeders are at two cones about 20 yards apart. Feeder 1 passes to the attacker, who must turn and pass to feeder 2. The defender has to stop this.

You may need to help weaker players by either feeding the ball to them yourself or feeding the ball instead of them. Rotate players in practice 1.

Tips

- "Stay behind the attacker."
- "Stay close."

Variations

Make it harder for better players to mark by extending the size of the playing area. This might mean grouping players of similar ability together during practices.



Skill Drill



Time: 10 minutes



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Ages: 6 to 7

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Marking

Activity

- 1. Introduce, demonstrate, and explain how to mark an opponent during game play.
- 2. Practice marking an opponent during game play.

Activity Description

2 v 2 to small goal

Tips

- "Pick a player to mark." (This is one-on-one marking.)
- "Stay with him or her."

Variations

Make it harder for better players to mark by extending the size of the playing area. This might mean grouping players of similar ability together during practices.



Game



Time: 10 minutes



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Ages: 6 to 7

Topic(s)

Marking

Tackling

Activity

The objective is for the players to be able to challenge the one with the ball and win the tackle.

Activity Description

2 v 2—Players mark an opponent, apply pressure when that opponent gets the ball, and tackle when advantageous.

Tips / Questions

- "Use one-on-one marking."
- "Pressure."
- "Tackle."

Coach: When your opponent gets the ball, where should you move to?

Players: Closer to the opponent.

Coach: What should you then try to do?

Players: Win the ball or tackle. Tackling is taking the ball away from the ball carrier with

your feet.

Variations

4 v 4



Skill Drill





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Ages: 6 to 7

Topic(s)

Marking

Tackling

Activity

- 1. Introduce, demonstrate, and explain how to tackle correctly.
- 2. Practice tackling using correct technique.

Activity Description

Pairs—Place a ball between two players. On the count of three, the players trap the ball between them with the insides of their feet. This is a cooperative tackling practice; both players use the same side of the foot to trap the ball.

This is a cooperative activity aimed at getting players used to timing a tackle. They work together to trap the ball between them.

Tips

- "Get close to the ball."
- "Point the toe out (to use the inside of the foot)."
- "Keep the knee bent and the leg firm."

Variations

Encourage stronger players to make a firm tackle. If both players time it well, they will hear and feel their feet on the ball. This gives them good feedback.



Skill Drill





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Ages: 6 to 7

Topic(s)

Marking

Tackling

Activity

- 1. Introduce, demonstrate, and explain how to tackle and to keep the ball.
- 2. Practice tackling and keeping the ball.

Activity Description

1 v 1—Set up two cones 10 yards apart. Place the ball between two players, each of whom is at a cone. On the whistle, the players attack the ball to see who can win the tackle and take the ball to the opponent's cone.

This is a competitive drill. You can control the whole practice for the group by using your whistle to start each repetition when the ball is placed in the middle of each pair.

Tips

- "Attack the ball."
- "Get close to the ball."
- "Point the toe out (to use the inside of the foot)."
- "Keep the knee bent and the leg firm."
- "Control the ball."



Game



Time: 10 minutes



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Ages: 6 to 7

Topic(s)

Marking

Tackling

Activity

The objective is for players to be able to defend space by marking an opponent and winning the ball during the game.

Activity Description

2 v 2 to a small goal or cones—players execute good one-on-one defense close to their own goal by marking, pressuring, and tackling.

Tips / Questions

- "Mark."
- "Pressure."
- "Tackle."

Coach: What should you do when your opponent gets close to your goal? **Players:** Get close to the opponent so you can challenge for the ball.

Variations

4 v 4



Skill Drill



Time: 15 minutes



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Ages: 6 to 7

Topic(s)

Marking

Tackling

Activity

- 1. Introduce, demonstrate, and explain how to pressure the ball and tackle when defending.
- 2. Practice pressuring the ball and tackling when defending.

Activity Description

1 v 1 (plus feeder and collector)—Use one player per team to retrieve balls and one player to feed balls. The defender starts on the goal line with an attacker about 20 yards away. The feeder passes to the attacker, who must try to control the ball before dribbling to the goal. The defender comes quickly off the line to pressure and tackle.

Have the feeding done from the side so the feeder is not in the way of the other players. Emphasize that players should stay on their feet while trying to tackle. Some players may lose their footing if they are moving too fast.

Tips

- "Go quickly to your opponent."
- "Pressure."
- "Tackle."

Variations

Advanced players defend against two opponents. The extra player can either be the ball collector or the passer, who then joins in the practice.



Team Circle **Activities**





Ages: 6 to 7

Key Idea

Four Core Values

Description

Gather children into a circle with one ball. "Everyone hand the ball to the one next to you until it makes it around the whole circle." After the ball has gone around the circle one time, have it passed to you. "We play soccer to be more healthy and fit, but it also teaches us to become good teammates and good people. This season we will talk about four qualities of a good person and teammate: caring, honesty, respect, and responsibility. Our team needs to have all of these qualities in our practices and games. Remember that we can't be a team without each of you doing your part. Let's pass the ball to each other and say one of the core values before you pass. This will help you remember to use all four of the qualities so we can work together."

Key Idea

Responsibility

Description

Gather children into a group. "When you come to practice, you should do three things: (1) Be ready to play. (2) Learn and improve your skills and work with others. (3) Have fun. I'm going to give you a way to remember these three things. It's called a 'team motto.' Our team motto is: Play hard, play fair, and have fun! Let's say it together loudly. That's great. Be sure to remember our team motto and put it into practice."



Team Circle Activities



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Ages: 6 to 7

Key Idea

Responsibility

Description

Gather children into a group between two cones about 10 feet apart. Stand in the middle of the circle with a ball. "I'm going to show you two different ways to handle the same situation. Think about which is the best way to handle this." Choose a player to receive a pass from you. Make a bad pass and then stomp angrily away from the group. Retrieve the ball and make another bad pass. This time, run to get the ball and make a pass that goes directly to the player. "If you think the first response is the way to handle making a bad pass, stand next to this cone. If you think the second way is better, stand next to this one." Ask players to explain their choices. "It's important to be a good sport in soccer." Highlight how and why. "That's being responsible to your teammates."

Key Idea

Honesty

Description

Gather children into a group near two cones about 10 feet apart. "What is a foul?" Listen to their responses. Choose a player to help demonstrate responses (include hand balls, bumping players, and kicking or tripping). "Should you admit to a foul if no official sees it? Those who think yes, stand at this cone. Those who think no, stand at this one." Wait for children to choose. "When you know you've fouled, you should raise your hand. You should never take unfair advantage of other players. Can you think of other ways honesty is practiced on the field?" Listen to responses and discuss. "All of those show honesty."



Team Circle Activities



FOR YOUTH DEVELOPMENT® FOR HEALTHY LIVING FOR SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY



Ages: 6 to 7

Key Idea

Responsibility

Description

Gather children into a group near two cones about 10 feet apart. Choose two players to help role-play. Set up a triangle of you and the two players. Let the children know you are role-playing with them. All three of you take turns passing. When it's your turn, miss the pass and role-play yourself as a player: "I couldn't get that pass! It was your fault—you made a bad pass!" Now as coach: "I want you to think about players who make excuses and blame others for their mistakes. Stand at this cone if you think it's okay to make excuses when you make mistakes. Stand at this cone if you think you should try to learn and work harder to improve." Ask players about their choices. "Not making excuses is taking responsibility for yourself."

Key Idea

Caring

Description

Gather children into a circle. Stand in the middle of the circle with a ball. Choose two children to pass the ball with you. "We're going to work on our passing skills." Pass repeatedly to them and not the others. "Tell me how you felt to have only two players get the passes." Listen to their responses. "Sharing the ball and not distracting your teammates shows you care about them. What other things can you do to show you care about your teammates?" Their responses should include encouragement, positive comments for good play, forgiving players that make mistakes, and so on. "Good. Those are all ways you can show you care."



Team Circle Activities



FOR YOUTH DEVELOPMENT®
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FOR SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY



Ages: 6 to 7

Key Idea

Responsibility

Description

Gather children into a circle. "I want everyone to run in a circle, following the person in front of you, without bumping into each other. Keep a space about as long as a bicycle between you, and don't go ahead of the person in front of you." Encourage children to run slowly enough to do all the directions. Continue activity for one minute. "Everyone stop. Did you bump into each other? Did anyone get upset with the person in front of you? You kept your body under control by not going ahead of the person in front of you. You kept your emotions under control by not getting upset with the person ahead of you—he or she couldn't move any faster since you were all running in a circle as a group. Everyone can stay safe and learn when everyone is responsible for himself or herself."

Key Idea

Responsibility

Description

Gather children into a circle. Stand in the center of the circle with a ball. Ask children to call to you and raise their hands if they are in a good position for a pass. Dribble the ball inside the circle, but do not pass to anyone. Continue for about one minute. "Did I share the ball with anyone?" Wait for their responses. "Do you think that is good teamwork? What is good teamwork?" Listen to their responses. Repeat the activity, but this time pass to players who call and raise their hands. "Teamwork is when all players are working together, not just keeping the ball to themselves. Responsible team members get in position to receive a good pass. They don't always pass to the same person. And they always work hard."



Team Circle Activities



FOR YOUTH DEVELOPMENT® FOR HEALTHY LIVING FOR SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY



Ages: 6 to 7

Key Idea

Caring

Description

Gather children into a group near the goal. Have a ball ready. Ask a child in the group to pass to you. Shoot at the goal and miss completely. Retrieve the ball and make a bad pass. "That shot wasn't very good, was it? How about that pass? Those were mistakes. What should you say to your teammates when they make mistakes?" Listen to their responses. "What could you say to make your teammate feel better? What could you say to make her feel worse?" Listen to their responses. Have players change the non-supportive, negative comments to positive ones. "It's very important to forgive mistakes and be understanding of others, just as you would want them to be of you. Making mistakes is part of learning. Saying something that makes your teammates feel better shows you care about them."

Key Idea

Respect

Description

Gather children into a group. "What have you learned about soccer this season?" Listen to their responses. "What does respect have to do with playing soccer or any sport? It takes many years to master the game of soccer, so soccer deserves your respect. Every year there are new skills to learn and improve on; every year you play, you'll get better. That's why you need to come back next year! What examples of players showing respect have you seen this soccer season?" Listen to their responses and discuss.



Soccer Warm-Up Activities





Description	 Players kick or dribble in space (one ball per child). Players dribble or kick at targets spread out in space.
	Have pairs of players pass and move in a small area. Tell them to call for the ball from their partners.
	Players pair up. Each player has a cone, and each pair has a ball. The cones are about 10 yards apart. Each player tries to hit the opponent's cone with the ball.
	"Paint the field." Pretend that the ball is a paint brush and paint the field by passing and moving all over the field. Pass and move in teams of four over the field. Each team of four stays close together and moves anywhere on the field, passing the ball among the team members.
	Players dribble and follow the leader in groups of two or four.
	Players play 1 v 1 to a small goal or cones.
	Use a Skill Drill from a previous practice.